

A.Q1 Determination of CG:

Mark "X" on **Sheet 1** at the appropriate position to denote the CG (large sized sheet).

CG within 5 mm	[1.0]
CG within 10 mm	[0.5]

A.Q2 Table A.1: Oscillation measurements:

	h (m)	h ² (m ²)	Time taken for 50 oscillations (s)		T = T1/50 (s)	T ² (s ²)	$ \begin{array}{ c c } hT^2 \\ (ms^2) \end{array} $		
			1 st (t1)	2 nd (t2)	3 rd (t3)	Mean (T1) (t1+t2+t3)/3			
H1	0.243					53.65			
H2	0.155					47.77			
H3	0.179					49.08			
H4	0.098					45.48			

For each value of h within ± 5 mm For each value of T1 within ± 1 s For each value of T1 within ± 2 s For calculating h² and hT² [0.25 x 4.0= 1.0] [0.5 x 4.0= 2.0] [0.25 x 4.0= 1.0] [0.25 x 4.0= 1.0]

[4.0 marks]

[1.0 mark]





A.Q4Table A.2: Calculations from Grid 1 [3.0 marks]

Quantity	Numerical value	FULL CREDITS		HALF CREDI TS
Slope of the graph (<i>s</i>)	4.06 ± 0.2	[0.5]	4.06 ± 0.4	[0.25]
y-intercept of the graph (c)	0.040 ± 0.005	[0.5]	0.040 ± 0.01	[0.25]
Acceleration due to gravity (g)	9.8 ± 0.5	[1.0]	9.8 ± 1.0	[0.5]
Radius of gyration (<i>K</i>)	0.10 ± 0.01	[1.0]	0.10 ± 0.02	[0.5]

Values outside the above mentioned range = Zero

A.Q5(a) Table A.3:

[3.0 marks]

Holes	h (m)	h' (m)
H1	0.243	0.045
H4	0.098	0.11
orrect value of h'w	vithin ± 10 mm	$[0.5x\ 2=1.0]$

Each correct value of h'within $\pm 10 \text{ mm}$ Values outside the above mentioned range = Zero

(b) Sheet 1: Mark the positions of points of oscillation J1 and J4 on Sheet 1.Label them as J1 and J4 clearly. $[1 \times 2 = 2.0]$

A.Q6Table A.4: Lengths of equivalent simple pendulu	ıms	[1.0 mark]

Holes	h (m)	L (m)
H1	0.243	0.288
H4	0.098	0.209

For each correct calculation within ± 0.015 m

[0.5]